

## PROCEEDINGS IN CONGRESS.

**The Senate Discusses the Trade Dollar Question and the Suspension of the Standard Dollar.**

**The House Transacts Some Business Under the New Rule—Rivers and Harbors.**

## FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

## The Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Mr. Sherman introduced a bill to provide for striking medals to commemorate the completion of the Washington monument. Referred.

The bill provides that one medal shall be given each Senator, Representative and the Governor of a State or Territory, and 10,000 medals shall be struck off for sale to the general public at cost.

Mr. Van Wyck offered the following resolution, which was agreed to:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Interior inform the Senate what amounts were due the United States December 31, 1882, from the Union Pacific Railroad; also what amounts have become due from that date until December 31, 1884, according to the rule laid down in the decision lately made between the United States and said railroad, in the court of claims and, whether the annual settlement was made February 7, 1885, as provided in the Thurman act.

Mr. Sherman offered the following resolution, which was agreed to:

Resolved, That the Committee on Judiciary be directed to inquire and report to the Senate as to whether legislation is required, and if so what, in regard to the appointments of Courts Martial and regulation of the proceedings and practice in trials before such courts in time of peace, and whether, under the existing law, an officer may be tried before a Court Martial appointed by the President in a case where the commander of the accused officer to be tried is not the accuser.

The bill passed authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi at Memphis.

The Senate then took up the bill to quiet the title of settlers on the Des Moines River lands, but at 2 o'clock this was displaced by a bill for the redemption of the trade dollar and the suspension of the standard dollar.

Upon this Mr. Bowen took the floor. He argued that the true policy of the United States was to develop the resources of their own country, and leave other nations to look out for themselves.

Mr. Bayard strongly opposed the redemption of the trade dollar at its face value. Indeed, he objected to the word "redemption" in connection with it. The trade dollars were in the same category as silver bars. It was to Bayard a paradox how men could ask in the name of justice to receive less for more. Yet we are told the honor of the country was at stake. The redemption of the trade dollar would be a departure from the land marks of the Government—passing from the real and tested to the unreal and imaginary.

After advocating the suspension of the standard dollar Mr. Bayard said he believed that all the currency necessary for the United States at the present time was here.

## The House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Mr. Belmont, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported back a resolution requesting the President to cause copies of all communications which had been received respecting the Congo conference, and specially copies of the text of commissions or power sent by the Government to each of the three American plenipotentiaries or agents, to be independently transmitted to the House. Adopted.

Mr. Randall, from the Committee on Rules, reported an amendment to the special "ten objects" rule, so as to provide that objections shall not be called for until after ten minutes debate. Adopted.

The House then proceeded to business under the new rule.

Mr. Jones, of Texas, with the bill appropriating \$5,000 for the erection of a public building at Tyler, Tex., and Mr. Springer, with the Senate bill to appropriate \$25,000 for the purchase of additional grounds for the United States Court-house at Springfield, Ill., were fortunate in not having ten objections made to their respective measures, and they passed.

A bill called up by Mr. Perkins for the sale of certain New York Indian lands in Kansas was objected to and not considered.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole. Mr. Hammond, in the chair, on the River and Harbor bill.

Mr. Stone, under instructions from the Committee on Rivers and Harbors, offered as a substitute for the paragraph appropriating \$100,000 for a harbor of refuge at Sandy Bay, Mass., amending and appropriating \$100,000 for the improvement of the national harbor of refuge of the first class at Sandy Bay, Mass.; provided no part of this appropriation shall be expended until the new Board of Engineers shall decide that this point is the best location on the coast for such harbor. Pending action the committee rose.

Mr. Holman, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill, and it was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Recess till 10 to-morrow.

## Seymour's Budget of News.

SPECIAL TO THE SENTINEL.

SEYMOUR, Ind., Feb. 5.—Mr. Martin L. Wicks, aged sixty-four years, died at Brownstown yesterday of general debility. He held the position of Coroner for several years. He was a native of Seneca County, New York, and came to this county some thirty years ago. His family, a wife and three children, preceded him to the spirit land.

Mr. James Acton, residing in Salt Creek Township, died on Monday, aged some eighty years. She was among the first settlers in our county having come here seventy-three years ago.

Many of the county schools in this county will close this month with a term of less than 100 days.

A farmer residing a few miles west of here was in town yesterday, and being somewhat "sprung from a too free use of snake juice," stole a whip out of a wagon on the street and skipped. Marshal Bulger captured him after a mile chase and brought him back. He will pay for the whip before he is through with it.

The two-story frame school house at Uniontown, this county, was burned to the ground yesterday morning at 3 o'clock, together with contents. Loss, \$1,500; insured for \$1,000, in agency of McNair & Spry, this city. Cause of fire unknown.

Tim Fogarty, formerly an O. and M. brakeman here, is back visiting friends. Some unknown parties went through his pockets last night while he was intoxicated, and rubbed him of \$22.50. The guilty parties are believed to be dead beats, who are too lazy to work. They may be taken in.

## On to Oklahoma Still the Cry.

TOPEKA, Kas., Feb. 5.—The State Boyer Convention yesterday adopted complete plans for a National Association, with Captain

Couch as President, and arranged for a general advance into Oklahoma on the 5th of March. A committee was appointed to confer with Mr. Cleveland and to issue an address to the public.

## SHAW'S ISLAND TRAGEDY.

A Horrible Affair in Washington Territory.

SEATTLE, W. T., Feb. 5.—The steamer Evangel, which arrived yesterday from a cruise to San Juan Island, brings news of a terrible tragedy which occurred on Shaw's Island, San Juan county, last Monday.

James Barker had gone for a hunt on the island, and when he did not return after a lapse of ten days, Sheriff John Kelley, of San Juan county, organized a party to search for the missing man. They arrived at the cabin of one Hugh Parks, an eccentric individual. They were refused entrance to the house, and even a drink of water. The Sheriff swore out a warrant for Parks' arrest, on the ground of insanity. The men then formed an ambush and watched the cabin. After some time Parks was seen to emerge dragging the body of a dead man, which was afterward found to be that of the missing James Barker.

Parks again secured himself in the cabin. This occurred on Friday last, and for three days the cabin was closely watched, and not a sign of life within being manifested. Wilbur Wilson, one of the Sheriff's men, volunteered to enter the cabin, but on finding the door unlocked was frightened and ran back to his companions. He again approached the cabin, but as he stepped into the doorway and report to the Senate as to whether legislation is required, and if so what, in regard to the appointments of Courts Martial and regulation of the proceedings and practice in trials before such courts in time of peace, and whether, under the existing law, an officer may be tried before a Court Martial appointed by the President in a case where the commander of the accused officer to be tried is not the accuser.

Resolved, That the Committee on Judiciary be directed to inquire and report to the Senate as to whether legislation is required, and if so what, in regard to the appointments of Courts Martial and regulation of the proceedings and practice in trials before such courts in time of peace, and whether, under the existing law, an officer may be tried before a Court Martial appointed by the President in a case where the commander of the accused officer to be tried is not the accuser.

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## THE PRESIDENT-ELECT.

A Brother-in-Law of Cleveland Tells Something About His Private Life and Character.

[Cincinnati Dispatch to Detroit Free Press.]

The Enquirer's special from Toledo says: "Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Bacon have recently returned from a short visit in Buffalo with Mrs. Bacon's brother, President-elect Cleveland. There has been so much matter in the newspapers about the inner life of the next President that I determined to have Mr. Bacon talk, as I knew he could, with a correct knowledge of the subject. This was a difficult task, as Mr. Bacon dwells above all else to appear as seeking notoriety through his relationship. I would not do him the injustice of putting him in the light of offering me information contained in this letter. It was obtained by constant interrogation. It is an astonishing number of people there are in this country who want an office," said Mr. Bacon. "Of course, Cleveland does not see the letters that are sent him from these aspirants, except a few which he looks over more because they are literary curiosities than anything else. Despite the fact that almost every newspaper correspondent in the country has written about the worry to which Cleveland is put by the office-seeking class, there is in reality very little worry. He was determined to take no notice whatever of the letters, petitions or other requests, and he strictly adhered to this policy. He takes no more notice of them than if he had never existed. "In this way and in no other could he have a minute's peace of mind. "Don't some of the statesmen who call on him bore him with their desires?" "Not much. He will not, let them, and I don't believe there is a man who has discussed politics with him who has had the hardihood to speak of himself. By this I do not mean that he is not seriously considering the

WHY QUESTIONS OF THE DAY but he does not consider office-seeking as one of them. He says nothing of what he intends to do even to his own family. "Tell me what sort of a man President Cleveland is—that is, as you, a member of the family, see him?" "Governor Cleveland is a man who puts business above everything else. He is not a society man as society is constructed, but he is a man of social feeling—what you might call a home man. He will be forty-eight years old next March, and weighs 250 pounds. "Of what religious faith is he?" "He was brought up a Presbyterian. His father was a Presbyterian minister. "How are his habits?" "He is a man of very regular habits. He is not a fastidious man, and is a very moderate eater. He has always been a sound man physically. I believe he had one severe attack of typhoid fever about twelve or fourteen years ago. "Why has he never married?" "Well, he has never had any marked attachments. A great many reports have been circulated about his matrimonial intentions, but those who have the best opportunity to know him have no faith in such reports. I believe he will go into the White House a bachelor and come out one. "Is he very careful in what he says?" "Yes, he is; and to only his most intimate friends, in whom he has the fullest confidence, does he talk freely. I presume nine-tenths of the fellows whom your correspondents rush into print as

PARTICULAR FRIENDS OF CLEVELAND actually know very little about him. In fact, the stuff may be said to be manufactured. "He will naturally draw around him a set of men like himself, will he not?" "Yes. His confidential advisers will be men more noted for their sterling intellectual qualities than for any outward show they may have. These men are, I doubt if his most intimate friends know, yet I am confident he is considering them in a certain way. "Is he much of a partisan?" "He is a Democrat, and will do all he can in the interest of the Democratic party, but he will see that that interest conforms to the good of the people. People who imagine he is anything but a Democrat are ignorantly or willfully mistaken. "Your visit to Buffalo was shortly after his civil service letter was published. Did you ever hear him express an opinion as to what his views were on the subject?" "Yes. We were talking one evening in the family circle about the curiosity expressed concerning his policy touching the offices and I believe the question was asked him what he would do. He asked if we had read his letter on that point. We said yes, we had. Then, said he, 'that is all I have to say on that subject.' "From what you know of him, don't you think he will save money while in the White House?" "Governor Cleveland is a liberal man in money as well as in views; at the same time he is a prudent man, and will not spend his salary for the purpose of making a show that is in a vulgar display. He does away a great deal of money in different ways that nobody knows anything about. "Has it been decided yet who will assist him in the domestic relations at the White House?" "His sister Elizabeth."

Too Fond of Wine. [Portland (Me.) Argus.] One of the wealthiest and most respected men in this city adopted a little wife as his daughter a score of years ago, or more. She grew up loved and petted as one of his children, and could not have had a happier home. She was a very beautiful, fair-skinned, blue-eyed girl, and was a very accomplished woman. She married a young business man of this city, and her foster father built for the couple an elegant house and furnished it handsomely. He laid out \$75,000 to give them a start in life. The young lady was beautiful, talented and popular. She had one vice. She liked wine too well. She became a confirmed tippler and then a sot. Her husband frequently came home at night and found her intoxicated. She is now in an inebriate asylum in Philadelphia. She has two children.

Feminine Logic. Concerning the late Presidential election an American lady, said to be well known in London society, has this according to Mr. James Payn, epigrammatically delivered her opinion: "Since Mr. Blaine, it is said, is a little shaky in public life, but irrefragable in private life, and as Mr. Cleveland, it is said, is a little shaky in private life, but irrefragable in public life, the election was right and proper that Mr. Cleveland should come out in public life and Mr. Blaine to retire into private life." And yet men say women are not logical!

A Novel Idea. [Pittsburg Dispatch.] If some of the sympathy poured out for the benefit of the Oklahoma boomers was turned in the direction of the Indians' wrongs there might be a better chance that justice would be done.

Not Hungry—Supply Patriotic. [Boston Advertiser.] While so much is said about the hunger and thirst for office of the Democratic party,

it may not be improper to say that President Arthur has within a few weeks had 700 applications for a single life office now vacant, and in which Republicans think they have a peculiar claim.

## There Were Giants in Those Days.

[Boston Post.] Now it is claimed that Jeffersonian simplicity would mean extravagance in these days, as Jefferson's diary shows that during his first four years as President he bought \$5,500 worth of wines and liquors, and entertained in the style of the day on a lavish scale. This is a misleading evidence. When Jefferson was President it took at least a barrel of rum to make even a New England church sociable a success.

Blots Out the Record With Bury Tears. [Buffalo Express.] The merciful view is that the recording angel does not take cognizance of New York vows.

A CIRCULAR has been generally distributed among the Hebrews of New York, calling attention to the fact that, with a population of at least 90,000 Israelites in that city, the synagogues are deserted and the rabbis preach to empty benches. Many Hebrews have decided, for the purpose of giving the masses of their brethren an opportunity to attend divine worship, to have Sunday services for those who prefer to enter the synagogues on the Jewish Sabbath.

"Lo! the poor Indian!" tramping about in all sorts of weather and dying with cold. Won't some "good Samaritan" send him a bottle of Dr. Hall's Cough Syrup?

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The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age. Indorsed all over the World.

**Symptoms of a TORPID LIVER.** Loss of appetite, Nausea, bowels constipated, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part; Pain under the shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL SOON BE DEVELOPED. TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They increase the Appetite, and cause the body to take. "We wish, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cents.

**TUTT'S HAIR DYE.** GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a Glossy Black by the application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, and is instantly removed. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express a receipt of \$1.

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**MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.**

A combination of valuable herbs, carefully compounded from the formula of a regular Physician, who used this preparation largely in his private practice with great success. It is not a drink, but a medicine used by many physicians. It is invaluable for DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, WEAKNESS, INDIGESTION, &c., and while curing will not hurt the system.

Mr. C. J. Rhodes, a well-known iron man of Safe Harbor, Pa., writes: "My son was completely prostrated by fever and chills, and was unable to get on his feet. I then sent for Mishler's Herb Bitters, and in a short time the boy was quite well."

E. A. Schellenbarger, Druggist, 717 St. Clair Street, Cleveland, O., writes: "Your Bitters I can say and do say are prescribed by some of the oldest and most prominent physicians in our city."

**MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS CO.,** 525 Commerce St., Philadelphia.

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**CORSETS**

The ONLY CORSET made that can be purchased by the purchase of three weeks' wear. It is found in every respect, and its price refunded by mail. Made in a variety of styles, and do not say are described by some of the oldest and most prominent physicians in our city.

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ror, and indigestion, loss of youth, nervous weak-  
ness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will  
send a receipt that will cure you. FREE OF  
CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by  
a missionary in South America. Send self-ad-  
dressed envelope to Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Sta-  
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**BROWN'S IRON BITTERS**

THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonic, quickly and completely cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fever, and Neuralgia.

It is an unrivaled remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, produce constipation—other Iron medicines do. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermitting Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

Get the genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Made only by **WILLIAM CHURCH CO., BALTIMORE, MD.**

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The oldest, the best, the most progressive and the most reliable establishment of the kind in the world, having 103 branch offices fully equipped and in good running order, or three to one more than any other Agency has of actual live offices. For over 42 years we have enjoyed an unqualified reputation for honesty, reliability and fair dealing, and we have unlimited resources for conducting our business successfully. We invite a test of our qualities by the merchants of Indianapolis.

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"The Waterbury."

The accompanying is a correct representation of our premium Watch. It is a stem-winder, is made of nickel silver, and will always remain as bright as a new silver dollar. It has a heavy beveled edge crystal face, its works are constructed of good material, and are made by the finest automatic machinery. Every watch is perfect before leaving the factory. All are thoroughly tested and adjusted, and can be honestly recommended as faithful time-keepers. They are just as represented, and are worth three times the price.

**ANY ACTIVE BOY**

Can easily secure one of these Watches by getting his friends to subscribe for the INDIANA STATE SENTINEL.

Following are our offers to agents:  
For \$20 will send THE SENTINEL to twenty subscribers and the Watch free to the agent getting up the club.  
For \$12.50 we will send THE SENTINEL to ten subscribers and a Watch to the agent forwarding the club.  
For \$7